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BOROUGH OF BRACKLEY.

MINISTRY OF HEALTH

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

FOR THE YEAR, 1965.

BOROUGH OF BRACKLEY.

Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health for the year 1965.

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors
of the Borough of Brackley.

Mr. Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors,

I present the Annual report for the Medical Officer of Health incorporating that of the Public Health Inspector on behalf of Dr. Arthur Lucas whose untimely death took place in May, 1966. Dr. Lucas had held the office of Medical Officer to the Borough since 1949, and was held in affectionate esteem by all who worked with him, and will be sadly missed.

The vital statistics are satisfactory and compare very favourably with those for the County of Northamptonshire and the Country generally, and it is pleasing to note that there were no cases of food poisoning or dysentry in the town during the year.

The causes of death follow the pattern of previous years, showing a preponderence of deaths from arterial disease and the cancers, causes predominent in the older age groups. However of the total 36 deaths 8 died before the age of 65.

Three deaths were from cancer of the lung. The relationship of this condition to heavy cigarette smoking is indisputably proved. Each year the number of national deaths rises. Young people particularly should be made aware of the facts, and those who influence the young should show by their own example that cigarette smoking is harmful.

I express my appreciation to Mr. Morgan the Public Health Inspector for his co-operation and help. This report has been prepared largely by him.

Yours obediently.

JOAN M. St. V. DAWKINS.

September, 1966. Acting Medical Officer of Health.

Public Health Committee, December, 1965.

The Worshipful the Mayor, Councillor F.T. Bartho, Alderman W. Johnson, Alderman Mrs. P.A. Simons, Alderman P.H.E. Smith, Alderman R.J. Staniforth, Councillors:E. Whitley (Chairman), B. Blazier, N. Eastwood, R.E. Farrow, N.W.F. Howard, R.W. Isham,R. Morey, Mrs. A.E. Nutt, B.P.C. Sheppard, F.G. Timms, E.I. White.

Public Health Officers.

Medical Officer of Health: Arthur Lucas, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., D.P.H.
Also held appointments of:
Medical Officer of Health, Brackley Rural District Council.
Medical Officer of Health, Towcester Rural District Council.
Medical Officer of Health, Northampton Rural District Council.
Assistant Medical Officer of Health, Northamptonshire County Council..

Public Health Inspector: Clifford Morgan, C.R.S.H.

Summary of Vital Statistics, 1965.

Area of Borough (Acres)...	1,685
Population (estimated Mid-Year, 1965)	3,630
Number of inhabited houses (end of 1965).	1,084
Rateable Value of Borough.	£115,367
Sum represented by a Penny Rate	£445

Extract from Vital Statistics for the year.

Live Births:	Males	Females	Total	Eng. & Wales.
Legitimate... ...	36	37	73	
Illegitimate. ...		5		
Birth-rate per 1,000 of the estimated population			22.31.	18.0.

Still-births: Two still-births were recorded during the year under review which is equivalent to a rate of 26.6 per 1,000 total live and still-births.

The percentage of illegitimate live births of the total live births was 6.8.

BURNHAM OF BRACKLEY.

Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health for the year 1955.

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The causes of death follow the pattern of previous years, showing a preponderance of deaths from arterial disease and the cancers, cancer predominant in the older age groups. However of the total 36 deaths 9 died before the age of 65.

Three deaths were from cancer of the lung. The relationship of this condition to heavy cigarette smoking is indisputably proved. Each year the number of national deaths rises. Young people particularly should be made aware of the facts, and those who influence the young should show by their own example that cigarette smoking is harmful.

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JOHN M. ST. V. DAWKINS.

September, 1956. Acting Medical Officer of Health.

Public Health Committee, December, 1955.

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Public Health Officers.

Medical Officer of Health: Arthur Lucas, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., D.P.H.
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Medical Officer of Health, Northampton Rural District Council.
Assistant Medical Officer of Health, Northamptonshire County Council.

Public Health Inspector: Clifford Morgan, C.R.S.H.

Summary of Vital Statistics, 1955.

Area of Borough (Acres)...	1,689
Population (estimated Mid-Year, 1955)	3,530
Number of inhabited houses (end of 1954).	1,004
Rateable Value of Borough.	£17,397
Sum represented by a Penny Rate	£140

Extract from Vital Statistics for the year.

Live Births:	Males	Females	Total	Rate. c. Rates.
Legitimate... ...	35	37	72	
Illegitimate. ...		5		

Birth-rate per 1,000 of the estimated population 23.31. 18.0.

Still-births: Two still-births were recorded during the year under review which is equivalent to a rate of 26.6 per 1,000 total live and still-births.

The percentage of illegitimate live births of the total live births was 6.8.

Deaths (all causes)	Male	Female	Total.
	20	16	36

Death rate per 1,000 of the estimated population 9.0. England and Wales 11.5.

Deaths from:-

Puerperal sepsis & other Puerperal causes...	Nil
Deaths of infants under one year..	Nil
Deaths from Cancer (all ages).	7
Deaths from Measles.	Nil
Deaths from diarrhoea (under 2 years of age)	Nil
Deaths from pregnancy, childbirth or abortion	Nil

Area:

There was no change in the area of the administrative Borough during the year which remains at 1,685 acres.

Population:

The resident mid-year home population as estimated by the Registrar General was 3,630, and the vital statistics are based on this figure. The population is the same as that for the year 1964. The natural increase in population, that is the increase of births over deaths is 37.

Deaths:

The total number of deaths assigned to the Borough by the Registrar General after adjusting for inward and outward transferable deaths is 36, This number agrees with the deaths registered locally. The death rate per 1,000 based on the mid-year estimated population is 9.0, as compared with 10.84 for the administrative County of Northamptonshire and 11.5 for England and Wales.

A table giving a list of the causes of death in the Borough at different periods of life during 1965, is given on page 3.

Area Comparability Factors:

The area comparability factors provided by the Registrar General for the Borough are, for births 1.11 and for deaths .91, when local crude birth and death rates are multiplied by the appropriate factors, they are comparable with the crude rates for England and Wales or with corresponding adjusted rates for any other area. The crude rates for the Borough for the year under review have been adjusted accordingly.

Births:

The number of births which occurred in the Borough during the year was 73, which is equivalent to a birth rate of 22.31 per 1,000 population. The rate for the administrative County was 18.85 and England and Wales 18.0.

Infant Mortality:

No infant deaths under one year of age occurred in the Borough during the year under review. The rate for the County was 16.85 per 1,000 live births and England and Wales, 19.0.

The following table gives the birth rate, death rate and infant mortality rate for the Borough, the administrative County of Northamptonshire and England and Wales for the past five years.

Year	Birth-rate			Death-rate			Infant Mortality Rate.		
	Brackley Borough	Northamp-tonshire	England & Wales	Brackley Borough	Northamp-tonshire	England & Wales	Brackley Borough	Northamp-tonshire	England & Wales
1961	18.0	18.04	17.4	11.5	11.18	12.0	49.1	17.61	21.4
1962	23.8	18.37	18.0	14.5	11.07	11.9	59.5	19.54	21.4
1963	23.26	18.62	18.2	13.01	11.21	12.2	11.90	17.92	20.9
1964	17.08	19.10	18.4	12.12	10.56	11.3	-	18.36	20.0
1965	22.31	18.85	18.1	9.0	10.84	11.5	Nil	16.85	19.0

Deaths (all causes)	Male	Female	Total.
	20	16	36

Death rate per 1,000 of the estimated population 9.0. England and Wales 11.5.

Deaths from:-

Puerperal sepsis & other puerperal causes...	Nil
Deaths of infants under one year...	Nil
Deaths from Cancer (all ages).	7
Deaths from Measles.	Nil
Deaths from diarrhoea (under 2 years of age)	Nil
Deaths from pregnancy, childbirth or abortion	Nil

Area:

There was no change in the area of the administrative Borough during the year which remains at 1,665 acres.

Population:

The resident mid-year home population as estimated by the Registrar General was 3,990, and the vital statistics are based on this figure. The population is the same as that for the year 1956. The natural increase in population, that is the increase of births over deaths is 37.

Deaths:

The total number of deaths registered to the Borough by the Registrar General after adjusting for inward and outward transferrable deaths is 36. This number agrees with the deaths registered locally. The death rate per 1,000 based on the mid-year estimated population is 9.0, as compared with 10.4% for the administrative County of Northamptonshire and 11.5 for England and Wales.

A table giving a list of the causes of death in the Borough at different periods of life during 1957, is given on page 5.

Area Comparability Factors:

The area comparability factors provided by the Registrar General for the Borough are, for births 1.11 and for deaths .91. When local crude birth and death rates are multiplied by the appropriate factors, they are comparable with the crude rates for England and Wales or with corresponding adjusted rates for any other area. The crude rates for the Borough for the year under review have been adjusted accordingly.

Births:

The number of births which occurred in the Borough during the year was 73, which is equivalent to a birth rate of 22.31 per 1,000 population. The rate for the administrative County was 18.57 and England and Wales 18.0.

Infant Mortality:

No infant deaths under one year of age occurred in the Borough during the year under review. The rate for the County was 18.85 per 1,000 live births and England and Wales, 19.0.

The following table gives the birth rate, death rate and infant mortality rate for the Borough, the administrative County of Northamptonshire and England and Wales for the past five years.

Year	Birth-rate					Death-rate					Infant Mortality Rate		
	Borough	Northampton County	Rural Districts	Urban Districts	England and Wales	Borough	Northampton County	Rural Districts	Urban Districts	England and Wales	Borough	County	England and Wales
1953	18.0	18.04	17.4	17.2	17.2	11.2	11.4	12.0	10.4	11.9	17.0	21.2	[illegible]
1954	23.0	18.37	18.0	18.2	17.2	11.2	11.2	12.2	9.9	11.9	13.5	21.2	[illegible]
1955	23.26	18.25	18.3	17.61	17.1	11.2	11.2	12.3	11.20	11.7	17.2	20.1	[illegible]
1956	17.09	17.10	18.4	17.4	16.9	10.2	11.2	—	—	—	—	20.2	[illegible]
1957	22.31	18.85	19.1	9.8	18.0	10.4	11.5	8.5	9.0	11.9	—	19.0	[illegible]

Causes of Death at different periods of life during the year 1965.

Cause of death	Sex	Total all ages	Under 4 Weeks	4 Weeks & under 1 year	Age in years. 1-	5-	15-	25-	35-	45-	55-	65-	75 - & over
11. Malignant Neoplasm, Lung, Bronchus.	M	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14. Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms	M	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
16. Diabetes	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17. Vascular Lesions of Nervous System	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
	F	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
18. Coronary Disease, Angina	M	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1
	F	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
19. Hypertension with Heart Disease	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
20. Other Heart Disease	M	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
	F	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
21. Other Circulatory Disease	M	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3
	F	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
23. Pneumonia	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
25. Other Diseases of Respiratory System	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
29. Hyperplasia of Prostate	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
32. Other Defined and Ill- Defined Disease	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
34. All Other Accidents.	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Total All Causes.	M	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	4	3	11
	F	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	4	10

Causes of death	Sex	Total	Under 1 year	1 - 4 years	5 - 9 years	10 - 14 years	15 - 19 years	20 - 24 years	25 - 29 years	30 - 34 years	35 - 39 years	40 - 44 years	45 - 49 years	50 - 54 years
		All ages			Age in years									
Total All Causes*	M	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	10
	F	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	2	44
1A* All other tuberculosis*	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
3B* Other Infectious and Parasitic Diseases	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
8A* Malignant ca. pancreas	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
8B* Other Diseases of Lymphatic Tissue	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
8D* Leukemia	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
8E* Other Circulatory Diseases	M	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3
	F	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4
8G* Other Heart Disease	M	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
	F	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
8H* Hypertension with Heart Disease	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
8J* Coronary Disease, Angina	M	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3
	F	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	4
8K* Arteriosclerosis Generalized and Coronary Sclerosis	M	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
	F	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3
8P* Diseases	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
8T* Other Arteriosclerosis and Degenerative Heart Disease	M	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2
	F	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
9A* Cerebral Hemorrhage* Other Stroke*	M	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
9B* Other Cerebrovascular Disease	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
9D* Other Diseases of Nervous System	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
9E* Pneumonia	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
9F* Other Respiratory Diseases	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
9G* Peptic Ulcer	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
9H* Other Digestive Diseases	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
9J* Nephritis and Nephrosis* Renal Failure*	M	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
9K* Other Genitourinary Diseases	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
9L* Diseases	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
9M* Other Pathologic and Physiologic Conditions	M	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2
	F	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
9N* Accidents* Accidental Death* Fractures*	M	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

Causes of death at different periods of life during the year 1952*

SECTION B. GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES.

Laboratory Facilities: The examination of pathological specimens and samples of water is carried out by the Public Health Laboratory Service, Oxford. The service is free and Medical Practitioners in the Borough submit pathological specimans direct to the laboratory.

Ambulance Facilities: Cases of infectious disease requiring hospital treatment are removed and treated at the Isolation Hospitals at Northampton or Oxford.

The County Council operated a full time ambulance service for removal to hospital of surgical and non-infectious cases.

Treatment Centres and Clinics: The Infant Welfare Clinic continued to operate during the year and sessions were held on the Second Thursday of every month at the Womens Institute, Manor Road, Orthopaedic Clinics, Vision Clinics and Dental Clinics for School Children which are organised by the County Council operated during the year under review. Preventive and after-care services for tuberculosis cases are administered by the County Council.

Nursing in the Home: The County Council operate a complete service within the Borough and "Home Helps" are available in connection with the infirm and chronic cases treated at home.

SECTION C. SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE DISTRICT.

Water Supply: Water is supplied to the Borough by the Bucks Water Board, and with the exception of eight dwelling houses outside the area of the Boards main, all dwelling houses in the Borough received a piped water supply from the Board's main. The total number of dwelling houses connected to the mains is 1076 and out of the total population of 3,630 approximately 3,604 are supplied with water from the Boards main.

Eight samples of water were taken and submitted for examination, the reports show that, bacteriologically, they were satisfactory.

The result of a sample taken from a private supply showed that it was contaminated: the owner was advised to boil all drinking water, and to consider the installation of plant for the treatment of the water.

Generally the supply from the Board was satisfactory in quality and quantity.

With few exceptions, water service pipes are either galvanised iron, Copper or polythene, and there is no liability to plumbo-solvent action.

Sewage disposal: The sewage disposal works comprising two filter beds, two sedimentation tanks, sludge and humus lagoons with electrical plant for lifting the level of one outfall sewer, functioned satisfactory during the year under review.

The works continued to receive the trade effluent from the Fatstock Marketing Corporation's Broiler Factory established in the Borough in 1959, and also the trade effluent from a factory engaged in the manufacture of spices etc., outside the administrative area of the Borough. This effluent is conveyed to the Sewage Works by tanker.

Copies of analysis of the effluent discharging into the River Ouse received from the Ouse Catchment Board Authority showed that the effluent conformed to The Royal Commission Standard.

Forty-Four houses in outlying parts of the district not served by the mains are not connected to the sewage of the Borough.

Rivers and Streams: No complaints were received regarding pollution of the River Ouse into which the effluent from the sewage works discharges.

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Camping Sites: There are no camping sites in the administrative area of the Borough.

Smoke Abatement: No action was found necessary in connection with smoke abatement.

Swimming Pool: The Swimming Pool owned by the Council was used during the year and was filled with water from the mains. The sand filter and plant continued to operate satisfactorily, keeping the water clear throughout the season. The water is chlorinated by a drip feed, and comparator tests were taken regularly to ensure a residual chlorine content of the water.

Eradication of bed bugs: No action was found necessary in connection with premises infested with bed bugs.

Public Cleansing: House refuse was collected weekly using a 24 cubic yard "tip-up" Karrier vehicle. One part of the Borough was covered on Thursdays and the other on Fridays. The tipping ground is situated at a part of the district where no nuisance is caused. The present tip is very full and a new tipping ground is urgently required.

Rodent Control: A part-time rodent operator is employed to carry out this work. The services of the operator continued to be free to householders who readily report the presence of rodents in and around their premises. A charge is made for the treatment of business premises. The use of warfarin with oatmeal base continued to give satisfactory results. The number of inspections made during the year was as follows:

Local authority premises...	1
Dwelling houses	19
All other including business premises ...	7
Agricultural holdings	-
Total	27

The number of minor infestations found was 27 these were treated with good results. Baits are regularly laid at the refuse tip and sewage works and if found necessary treated with poison.

Sixteen manholes of the sewerage of the Borough were baited during September of the year under review. There were three part takes: these were followed up successfully.

Summary of Sanitary Inspections during the year.

Number of visits and inspections:

Housing inspections...	185
Inspections of factories and workshops	38
Inspections of bakehouses..	14
Inspections of meat hawkers' and transport vans	12
Inspections of butchers shops...	36
Inspections of fried fish shops.	16
Inspections of other food shops.	68
Inspections in connection with rodent control..	27
Number of old drainages tested and relaid.	2
Number of new drainages tested..	9

Section D. HOUSING

The total number of Council houses built since the War is 285. The number of private enterprise houses completed during the year was 53 and there were 33 under construction at the end of December.

Twenty five old people's flats on the Charter House Site commenced during 1964, were completed during November of the year under review. Communication is provided between the flats and the Warden's house which is adjacent to but not attached to the flats.

Two Hexagonal houses for sale were completed by the end of the year.

A scheme for a further 25 old people's flats on the Bridgewater site was commenced at the end of the year.

The site preparation for Valley Road estate to provide 50 dwellings and 17 plots of land for sale was commenced at the end of the year under review.

Improvement of dwellings: The provisions of the House Purchase and Housing Act, 1959, relating to standard grants, which are obligatory on the part of the Council, make available to owners grants for providing any or all of the five standard amenities, that is, a fixed bath or shower, wash basin, water closet, a hot and cold water supply at a bath or shower, wash hand basin and Kitchen sink, and satisfactory facilities for storing food. The Housing Act, 1964, which came into operation on 16th August of the year 1964, makes certain amendments to the Act of 1959. Where formerly the dwelling after improvement had to be equipped with all five standards amenities, referred to in the new Act as the "full standard", under the new Act a dwelling may, if it is not reasonably practicable to provide the "full standard", be brought up to a "reduced standard" that is after improvement it must have a hot and cold water supply at a sink a water closet, which, if reasonably practicable must be in or accessible from within the dwelling, and satisfactory facilities for storing food. To qualify for a standard grant a dwelling must have a further life of at lease fifteen years for human habitation and in the case of lease-hold property, not less than five years of the lease remains unexpired.

Standard grants amounting to £908 were paid to owners during the year under review for improvements carried out to eight dwellings.

Section E. INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Milk Supply: There are three main licenced milk dealers distributing milk in the Borough. Four Shop Keepers are also licenced to sell milk, obtaining supplies from the main dealers. There is also a licenced milk vending machine.

Twelve samples of milk were taken and submitted to the Public Health Laboratory for testing. Ten samples satisfied both tests prescribed by the Milk (Special Desighation) Order 1963. Two samples satisfied the phosphatese test but failed the methylene blue test. Follow-up samples of the unsatisfactory samples proved satisfactory.

Six samples of ice-cream taken and submitted for testing proved satisfactory.

Food Hygiene (General) Regulations 1960: These Regulations provide for the cleanliness of food premises, hygenic methods of handling food, the cleanliness of persons engaged in the food trade and the action to be taken when they suffer from or are carriers of certain infections. There are 34 food premises in the Borough where food is sold, served or prepared for sale. The shops are regularly visited and a high standard of cleanliness is maintained.

The following table gives the various categories of food premises in the Borough and the numbers fitted to comply with certain articles of the General Regulations:-

Trade.	No.	No. of premises fitted to comply with article 16 of the Regs (Wash-hand basins etc)	No. of premises to which article 19 of the Regs. applies. (Sinks for washing open food & equipment.)	Premises fitted to comply with article 19.
General Provision Merchant.	9	9	9	-
Butchers	3	3	3	-
Sweets & Confectionery.	3	3	-	-
Fishmonger	3	3	3	2
Cafes'	4	4	4	4
Licenced Premises	10	10	10	10
Fruiterers	2	2	2	-
Total	34	34	31	16

Meat and Other Foods: There is now no licenced Slaughter house in the area.

The following list of food stuffs were voluntarily surrendered during the year; being unfit for human consumption.

Liver sausage...	2lbs.
Chopped Pork	4lbs.
Dressed Chicken.	6lbs. 10ozs.
Corned Beef	1lb. 3ozs.

Food and Drugs Act, 1955: The provisions of this Act relating to the nature and substance of food supplied to the public are operated by Mr. F.J. Evans, Chief Inspector, Weights and Measures Department, of the County Council, to whom I am indebted for the following information relating to the work carried out by his department in the Borough during the twelve months ending 31st March, 1966.

Samples taken in the Borough of Brackley
in the twelve months ending 31st March, 1966.

Milk.	12
Meat Products..	5
Fruit	6
Bread	1
Tinned Fish	1
Ground Ginger..	1
Crystallised Petals.	2
Sweets	1
Wines and Spirits...	6
Total...	35

Remarks: It is pleasing to be able to report that all samples taken in the Borough during the year were found to be completely satisfactory.

Weights and Measures Act, 1963: 4,240 articles of food were checked for weight or measure and 6 were found to be deficient whilst 104 were incorrect in other respects.

The proportion of incorrect articles is considerably lower than the average for the County as a whole.

F.J. EVANS.
Chief Inspector.

Section F. Prevalence of and Control over Infectious Disease.

The following cases of infectious disease were reported during the year:-

Scarlet Fever.	2
Measles..	27
Pneumonia	5

One case of pneumonia terminated fatally.

Tuberculosis: No new cases of Tuberculosis were reported during the year. The number of cases on register at the end of the year were as follows:-

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Pulmonary...	3	1	4
Non-Pulmonary	1	-	1
Total..	4	1	5

Meat and Other Foods: There is now no licenced Slaughter house in the area.

The following list of food stuffs were voluntarily surrendered during the year; being unfit for human consumption.

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Meat Products..	5
Fruit	6
Bread	1
Tinned Fish	1
Ground Ginger..	1
Crystallised Potato.	2
Sweets	1
Wines and Spirits...	6
Total...	35

Remarks: It is pleasing to be able to report that all samples taken in the Borough during the year were found to be completely satisfactory.

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Non-Pulmonary	1	-	1
Total..	4	1	5

Factories Act, 1961: The number of factories on the Register at the end of the years under review was 22, and the number of inspections made was 54. There are no outworkers in the classes of work specified by regulations made under Section 133 of the Act.

Prescribed Particulars on the Administration of the Factories Act, 1961

Part 1 of the Act.

1. Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by the Public Health Inspector.

(1)	Number on Register. (2)	Number of Inspections (3)	Written Notices (4)	Occupiers prosecuted. (5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities.	7	18	-	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Sec. 7 is enforced by the L.A.	15	36	-	-
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises)	-	-	-	-
Total...	22	54	-	-

2. Cases in which defects were found:-

Particulars. (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found. Found (2)	Remedied (3)	Referred To H.M. Inspector (4)	Referred By H.M. Inspector. (5)	Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted. (6)
Want of cleanliness (S.1.)	-	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding (Section 2.)	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature (Section 3)	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation (Section 4)	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors. (Section 6)	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7.) (a) Insufficient	2	2	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or Defective	-	-	-	-	-
(c) Not separate for Sexes	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork.)	-	-	-	-	-
Total...	2	2	-	-	-

Factories Act, 1961: The number of Factories on the Register at the end of the year under review was 22, and the number of inspections made was 34. There are no outworkers in the classes of work specified by regulations made under Section 153 of the Act.

Prescribed Particulars on the Administration of the Factories Act, 1961

Part 1 of the Act.

1. Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by the Public Health Inspector.

(1)	Number on Register (2)	Number of Inspections (3)	Number of Written Notices (4)	Number of Prosecutions (5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities.	7	13	-	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Sec. 7 is enforced by the L.A.	15	36	-	-
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises)	-	-	-	-
Total...	22	34	-	-

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Overcrowding (Section 2.)	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature (Section 3)	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation (Section 4.)	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors. (Section 6)	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7.)					
(a) Insufficient	2	2	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or Defective	-	-	-	-	-
(c) Not separate for Sexes	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork.)	-	-	-	-	-
Total...	2	2	-	-	-